1) The results of the dividend growth model:								
A) are most reliable when the growth rate exceeds 10 percent.								
B) are highly dependent upon the beta used in the model.								
C) are sensitive to the rate of dividend growth.								
D) vary directly with the market rate of return.								
E) can only be applied t	to projects that have	a growth rate equal to	that of the current					
firm.								
2) All else constant, an increa	ase in a firm's cost of	f debt:		2)				
A) will lower the firm's cost of equity.								
B) will increase the firm's capital structure weight of debt.								
C) will result in an increase in the firm's cost of capital.								
D) could be caused by an increase in the firm's tax rate.								
E) will lower the firm's	weighted average co	st of capital.						
3) A firm has a cost of equity	v of 13 percent, a co	st of preferred of 11 per	rcent, an aftertax	3)				
3) A firm has a cost of equity of 13 percent, a cost of preferred of 11 percent, an aftertax cost of debt of 5.2 percent, and a tax rate of 35 percent. Given this, which one of the								
following will increase the	e firm's weighted ave	rage cost of capital?						
A) Increasing the firm's	beta	B) Increasing the firm						
C) Issuing new bonds at	par	D) Increasing the del	bt-equity ratio					
4) Which one of the followin	g will increase the co	ost of equity all else he	ld constant?	4)				
A) Increase in stock price			B) Increase in the dividend growth rate					
c) Decrease in beta		D) Decrease in mark						
,		ŕ	•					
5) Judy's Boutique just paid				5)				
its dividend by 2.2 percen	•	he rate of return on this	stock if the current					
stock price is \$29.60 a sha		0) 7 21	<b>5</b> ) 0.10					
A) 8.37 percent	B) 8.33 percent	c) 7.31 percent	D) 8.19 percent					
6) Musical Charts just paid a	usical Charts just paid an annual dividend of \$1.84 per share. This dividend is expected							
to increase by 2.1 percent	annually. Currently,	the firm has a beta of 1	.12 and a stock					
•	ce of \$31 a share. The risk-free rate is 4.3 percent and the market rate of return is 13.2							
percent. What is the cost of	of equity capital for the							
A) 11.95 percent		B) 11.21 percent						
C) 12.29 percent		D) 13.42 percent						
7) Titans has 7 percent bonds outstanding that mature in 16 years. The bonds pay interest								
-	semiannually and have a face value of \$1,000. Currently, the bonds are selling for \$1,01:							
each. What is the firm's pr	etax cost of debt?							
A) 7.14 percent	B) 6.40 percent	C) 6.97 percent	D) 6.84 percent					
O) Electronic Broducts has 2	2 500 handa aytatana	ding that are assumently of	gueted at 101 6. The	8)				
8) Electronic Products has 22,500 bonds outstanding that are currently quoted at 101.6. The bonds mature in 8 years and pay an annual coupon payment of \$90. What is the firm's								
aftertax cost of debt if the applicable tax rate is 34 percent?								
	B) 5.75 percent	C) 5.47 percent	D) 6.98 percent					
•	•	· ·						
9) The Five and Dime Store has a cost of equity of 14.8 percent, a pretax cost of debt of 6								
percent, and a tax rate of 3	rage cost of capital							
if the debt-equity ratio is .		C) 11 52 name of	D) 12 40 manager					
A) 10.18 percent	B) 14.93 percent	C) 11.53 percent	D) 13.49 percent					

10)	Honday Decor is an a	an-equity firm wi	ın a totai ma	arket value of \$34.	,000 and 12,000	10)		
	shares of stock outstanding. Management is considering issuing \$48,000 of debt at an interest rate of 7 percent and using the proceeds on a stock repurchase. As an all-equity							
	•							
	firm, management believes its earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) will be \$33,000 if the economy is normal, \$8,000 if it is in a recession, and \$41,000 if the economy booms.							
	gnore taxes. What will the EPS be if the economy falls into a recession and the firm							
	maintains its all-equit	ion and the min						
	•	•	o) \$ 75	D) \$1.50	<b>-</b> \ \$1.21			
	A) \$.67	B) \$1.33	c) \$.75	D) \$1.50	E) \$1.21			
11\	Λ firm has fived on	perating costs of	\$175,000	total sales reveni	10 of \$3 000 000	11)		
11) A firm has fixed operating costs of \$175,000, total sales revenue of \$3,000,000 and total variable costs of \$2,250,000. The firm's degree of operating leverage is								
	and total variable c	.0313 01 \$2,230,0	oo. The fift	irs degree or ope	rating leverage is			
	A) 0.81	в) 4.29	C	c) 0.77	D) 1.30			
	A) 0.01	b) 4.27		,, 0.11	D) 1.30			
12\	is the not	ential use of fiv	ed operatir	na costs to maan	ify the effects of	12)		
12) is the potential use of fixed operating costs to magnify the effects of changes in sales on earnings before interest and taxes.								
	c) Operating bud	iget		o) Operating leve	rage			
12\	A firm has fixed op	orating costs of	¢450 000 -	a caloc price per	unit of \$20, and a	12)		
13)	•	0				13)		
	variable cost per ur			ever or 500,000 ur	iits, the mim's			
	degree of operating	_		. 1.00	- 1 4 07			
	A) 1.11	в) 1.18	C	2) 1.23	D) 1.07			
	Til 1			:1. 6	5 Cal			
14)	The market rate of re	-			-	14)		
	Co. has 36 percent m	•						
	growth rate of 3.5 per			•	42 a share and has a			
	dividend yield of 2.8	-						
	A) 10.55 percent	B) 19.82 per	cent C	c) 21.11 percent	D) 15.31 percent			
	D. 177			1 6 4 <b>3</b> 00 0	00 110 000 1	15)		
15) Bird Houses is an all-equity firm with a total market value of \$388,980 and 18,000 shares								
of stock outstanding. Management is considering issuing \$68,000 of debt at an interest rate of 6.5 percent and using the proceeds on a stock repurchase. Ignore taxes. How								
	shares repurchased de	own to the neares	st whole sha	re.)				
	A) 3,146 shares	B) 3,167 sha	res C	2) 3,207 shares	D) 3,116 shares			

## Answer Key

Testname: 12-13PRACTICEPROBLEMSCHAPTERS12,13

- 1) C 2) C 3) A 4) B 5) C 6) B 7) D 8) B 9) C 10) A 11) D 12) D 13) C 14) A 15) A